Declass Review by NIMA/DOD

FRAS

25X1

25X1

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
PHOTOGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION
PHOTOGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE REPORT

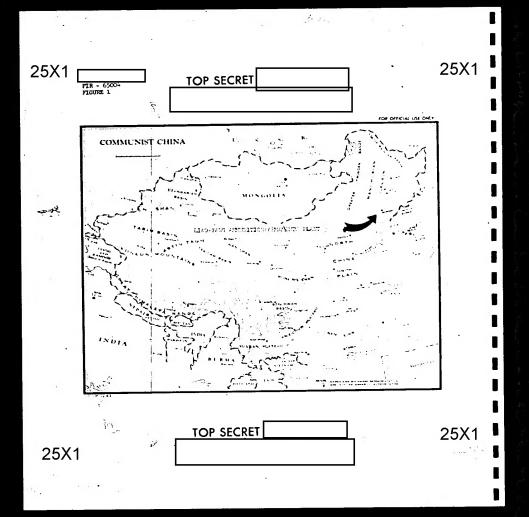
LIAO-YANG AMMUNITIOWARMAMENTS PLANT 375 LIAO-YANG, CHINA (LIAO-YANG SUBARSENAL SHEN-YANG 90TH)

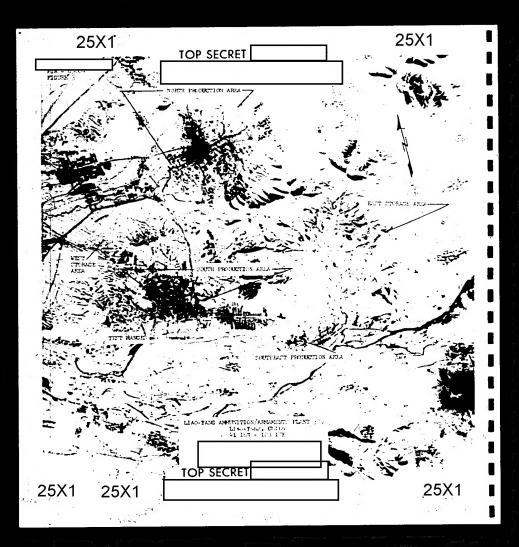
CIA/PIR-65004

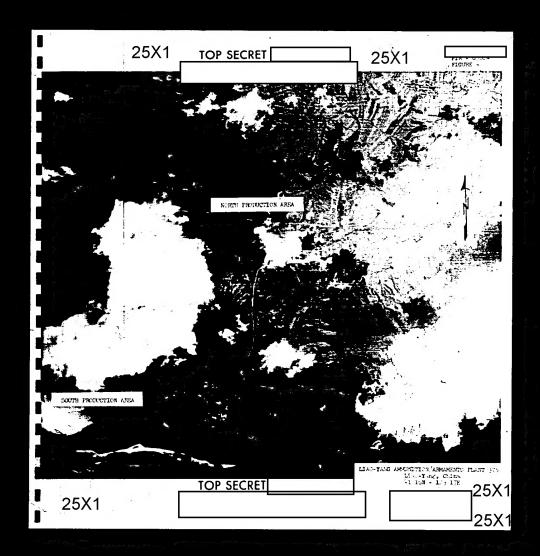
TOP SECRET

25X1

25X1



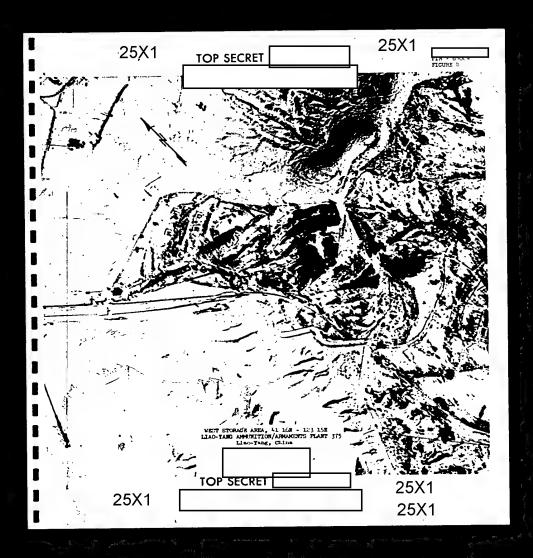


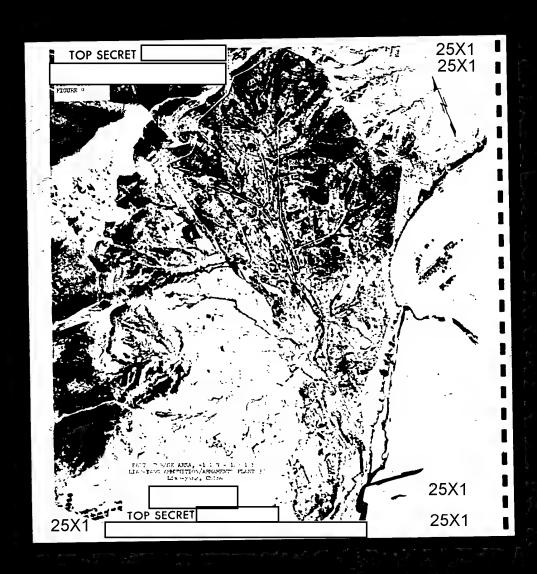












25X1		X1
	CIA/PIR-65004	
<u> </u>	CIA, PHOTOGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION	
	i e	
	LIAO-YANG AMMINITION/ARMAMENTS PLANT 375, LIAO-YANG, CHINA (LIAO-YANG SUBARSENAL SHEN-YANG 90th)	
Shen-yang 9 sections th approximate	ao-yang Ammunition/Armaments Plant 375 (Liao-yang Subarsenal 90th) consists of five principal manufacturing, test and storage ast occupy an area of approximately 11 square nautical miles. The e center of the complex is located at geographic coordinates 23 17E, Figure 2.	No.
Area includimediately Area, (3) I The East St	Twe main sections that make up Plant 375 are, (1) South Production ling the shell testing and possible tactical rocket test ranges to the SW of the South Production Area, (2) The North Production The Southeast Production Area, (4) The West Storage Area, and (5) torage Area; all of which are identified on Figure 3.	
areas in as	ollowing sections of this report will discuss each of the enumerated s much detail as possible. Plant expansion and activity levels scussed in the concluding paragraphs of the report.	
by wire fer Water for t	of the five plant elements previously mentioned is separately secured noting and all of the areas except the test ranges have rail spurs. the chemical processing facilities and steam plants is apparently a series of canals that tap the streams flowing through the area.	
	South Production Area, Figure 5	
The fa	acilities in this area cover approximately 1,000 acres and encompassing elements (Letter designations keyed to Figure 5)	
principal:	may have been designed to test small tactical-type rockets. A	25X1
third faci- area. It of building where teed in there is a		25X ⁻

25>	X1 25X1
]	TOP SECRET
	CIA/PIR-65004 CIA/PIR-65004
	Area B: This area contains several nondescript buildings and three revetted munitions storage facilities. It is separately secured and is connected by road to the adjacent test ranges. It is used to store and possible assemble and instrument the munitions to be tested.
	Area C: This area contains an apparent steam plant (No. 1) a large, rail served building with a high section at one end (No. 2), a water tower and a long low structure, possibly U/C that somewhat resembles a small coke oven, No. 3. Snow covered bulk raw material is in evidence adjacent to the probable boiler house at the east end of the area and three piles of coal can be seen near the west end adjacent to the long low structure previously mentioned. These facilities, together with those in Area D suggest the possibility that petrochemicals such as toluene and napths may be produced by the destructive distillation of coal.
Tr.	Area D: This area contains six major structures interconnected by steam lines and piping, with the three largest structures further linked by large diemeter piping such as is used to convey gaseous products. In addition, there are three boiler houses and numerous miscellaneous buildings. A small possible nitric acid plant (No. 1) is located near the center of the boundry between Areas C and D. Beyond the fact that chemical processing requiring great quantities of heat/steam and related to the manufacture of explosives is carried out in this area, no definitive indicators were observed. Nitramon manufacture is a possibility.
	Area E: The following facilities are found in this area: Three boiler houses, a large rail-served structure (No. 1) surrounded by several processing. buildings, a tank farm containing 4 large and 4 small vertical tanks adjacent to a group of five probable chemical processing buildings (No. 2), three similar ventilated buildings having three associated free-standing stacks (No. 3), and two large complex structures adjacent to three large vertical tanks, (No. 4). Additionally, there are five large buildings, one of which is connected by overhead pipeline to a building in group No. 2, several small structures and two other buildings with associated free-standing stacks. The presence of numerous stacks, the large tanks and the pipeline suggest that the products of Area D may be refined and possibly separated into various fractions in the southern part of this area. The group of facilities surrounding No. 1 may produce nitrocellulose and the group labelled No. 4 constitute a possible sulphuric acid plant.
	Area F: There are six revetted and several unrevetted structures in this area. The revetted buildings are probably temporary storage and/or final processing facilities for the explosives producted in Area G.

25X1

25X1	
4	
n of . 1),	
pro- house fecilities	
s with l build- were he like. ctures.	
on	

25X1 TOP SECRET CIA/PIR-6500

CIA, PHOTOGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

Area G: This area contains nitrating facilities for the production high explosive. The five buildings and very large dome topped tank, (No may constitute a water treatment facility although no settling ponds are evident. Nos. 2 and 3 are large, complex, heavily revetted nitrating facilities while most of the remaining buildings are used for the final cessing of the explosive produced in the nitrators. There is a boiler near the center of the area. Picric acid is a possible product of the in this area.

Area H: This area is primarily a complex of fabrication facilitie a large amount of warehousing, several shop buildings and numerous small ings. The facilities suggest the manufacture of munitions related hardy such as shell casings, cartridge cases, mortar shells, land mines and t Two large buildings, Nos. 1 and 2, appear to be forge/foundry type structure

Area I: This area is occupied largely by housing and administration facilities, the total extent of which can be seen on Figure 3.

Area J: This area is occupied by a large quantity of bulk raw material, probably mostly, if not all, coal (No. 3), a large warehouse-type building adjacent to a processing structure of some sort (No. 2) and a linked pair of silos with an elevator shaft (No. 1). This limited photographic evidence suggests that the coal is used as a raw material rather than just fuel and that it may be processed in the area with the possibility that the processing building houses electric furnaces for the production of calcium carbide which is the intermediate from which the common modern propellant nitroguanidine is derived. It is also possible that this area is not functionally related to Plant 375.

North Production Area, Figure 6

The North Production Area consists of approximately 900 acres and includes the following principal elements (Letter designations keyed to Figure 6):

Area A: There are eight large U-shaped revetments in this area. Five are unoccupied; the remaining three contain small, ordinary buildings. It appears to be an abandoned high explosives manufacturing facility.

Area B: There are seven complex buildings enclosed by elaborate revetments (No. 1), plus five small rectangular revetted probable storage structures (No. 2), and a boiler house (No. 3). The arrangement of the seven principal buildings suggests two high explosive production lines but the observed facilities could accommodate munitions loading functions. Buried steamlines emanating from the boiler house are probably connected to six of the seven complex revetted build-

> 25X1 TOP SECRET

25	X	1

25X1

CIA/PIR-65004

CIA, PHOTOGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

Area C: There are more than 30 buildings of diverse shapes and sizes distributed within the loop road at the east end of this area. Nearly all of these structures are partially or completely revetted, or set in recesses cut into the hillside. A steam plant is located near the center of this section: Three storage buildings situated in cut-backs are located in the SE corner of the area. All of these facilities are probably associated with (1) munitions loading functions and (2) processing of propellants, possibly doublebase. Immediately west of the section previously described there are two small complexes (Nos. 2 and 3) which together may constitute a nitrocellulose production facility. If such is the case, the buildings at No. 2 are engaged in the preparation of the raw material and the nitrating is carried out in the facilities at No. 3. Both groups of structures have steam lines coming from the boiler house at No. 5. A large vertical tank and numerous small tanks or drums are located adjacent to the possible nitrating facility. Four heavily revetted structures (No. 4), at least one of which is probably a processing building, are located immediately south of the possible cellulose preparation and nitration facilities. Although the facilities are stypical, they constitute the best candidate for the production of nitrocellulose at Plant 375. This, together with the nitroglycerine probably made in Area F, would provide a doublebase propellant capability. A large building with a high center section (No. 6) and several miscellaneous structures are also present in the area.

Area D: This area contains two complex buildings, heavily revetted and served by steamlines, (Nos. 2 and 3). These facilities are similar to those in Area B and probably have the same function. There is a building with 10 pipe vents through the roof north of Building 3 and apparently connected to it by a steamline. There is also a steam plant (No. 1) and a group of related structures, No. 4. The group of facilities numbered four consists of seven medium to large buildings, one very long with a high center section, one with 8-10 pipevents through the roof, two with complex floor plans, one partially revetted and two nondescript structures. There are, in addition, four heavily revetted probable magazines and several small miscellaneous buildings. The road pattern linking these various structures suggests that they are functionally related. Munitions loading appears to be the most likely function but the manufacture of specialized high explosives in some of the facilities is possible.

Area E: The main item of interest in this area is a large facility (No. 1) that resembles a power plant but apparently processes large quantities of bulk materials, utilizing a considerable amount of heat. The main building is L-shaped with one leg of the L being a single story structure and the other being a multi-story, two level structure with a large longitudinal monitor. This building is connected to a smaller one by two conveyors, one up, one down. The smaller building is connected by a single conveyor to a third still smaller structure which is at the terminus of a rail spur along which large quantities of snow-covered raw materials are piled. There is a large tank on the north side of the facility and a large free standing stack serving two furnaces/boilers/retorts

25X1

TOP SECRET

25X1	TOD CECDET	.25X1
,	TOP SECRET	
	CIA, PHOTOGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION	CIA/PIR-65004

that are apparently part of the main building. The bulk raw material processed in this facility is at least partly coal; lime or limestone may be the other part. If this is the case, calcium carbide/cyanamide is a possible product which in turn could be used to make guandine nitrate and ultimately nitroguanidine. In addition there are three rail spurs; several small buildings and numerous warehouses.

The facilities labeled No. 2 are outside of the present security fence line but are tied to the possible calcium carbide/cyanamide plant by overhead pipelines. This group consists of a large, monitor-roofed building with two large incomplete tanks and a tall cylindrical structure that is located near the west end of the building as is a partially completed probable forced draft cooling unit. Two warehouses with a rail spur between them are located south of the main building and are connected to it by a conveyor. The purpose of these facilities is obscure and it may not be functionally related to Plant 375. It could turn out to be an ammonia/ammonium nitrate plant when completed.

Area F: This area contains eight very heavily revetted facilities with associated support structures which make up two nitrating lines for the manufacture of high explosive, probably nitroglycerine but possibly TNT, RDX, PETN, etc.

Area G: This area contains numerous revetted buildings, some of which probably constitute manufacturing facilities for detonator/initiator-type explosives (No. 3), a possible melt-loading facility (No. 1), a possible gelatin dynamite manufacturing section (No. 2) and probable loading facilities in the rest of the area.

Southeast Production Area, Figure __7

The principal feature of this secured area of approximately 35 acres is the set of heavily revetted nitrating facilities, (No. 6). In addition, there are two boiler houses, (Nos. 4 and 7), a series of buildings (No. 5) with several probable small tanks immediately south of the buildings. A separately secured area (No. 3) west of the production area contains one large above-ground tank, two possible small tanks and a small building. A large group of warehouses under construction (No. 1) and the south end of the East Storage Area (No. 2) are also visible on Figure 7. There are no definite indicators of the type of explosives made in this area but either TNT or gelatin dynamite are good possibilities. A rail spur and a turning wye, both apparently abandoned, are present in the area.

25X1

TOP SECRET

	TOP SECRET	25)
	CIA PHOTOGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION	
	CIA, FROCOS, THE MILES	
	ϵ . The second of the secon	
•-		
	West Storage Area Figure 8	
<u>ا</u>	This secured explosives/munitions storage area occupies an area of approximately 100 acres. It contains 15 revetted storage buildings, several probable underground storage facilities, three or more earth-covered iglootype magazines set into a hillside at the north end of the area and two possible large buried tanks.	
	East Storage Area, Figure 9	
	This large, secured, rail-served explosives/munitions storage facility occupies an area of approximately 1,100 acres. It contains 17 storage buildings that are either revetted or set in recesses cut into the sides of ridges one large, square, earth-covered structure, eight warehouse-type buildings; three to six underground probable storage facilities and three or four miscel laneous structures including a guardhouse located at the entrance to the comp	-
	Expansion at Plant 375	
		25
	The quality of the earliest available photography Figure 4, does not permit a detailed analysis of plant expansion since that time. However, it can be seen that the South Production Area was present in approximately its present form and that the main elements of the North Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area was present in any storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area was present in any storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area was present in any storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present. The Storage Areas and the Southeast Production Area were also present.	iction
25X1	Changes that have occurred at Plant 375 have been restricted to the construction of a relatively small number of	Ly ;
.5.	Level of Activity at Plant 375	
25X 25X	It is next to impossible to judge the level of activity at Plant 375 from the available photography. The coverage yields no evidence one way or other. The coverage reveals a considerable quantity of rolling stock	om the
/\		25X1
	- d	
	TOP SECRET	
	I OL OLONE II	

X1	TOP	SECRET			25
	CIA PHO	ITOGRAPHIC INTE	ELLIGENCE DIVISION	CIA/PIR-65	5004
	CIA, riic				2
cars and tank stacks in the the same perc phot Areas are ope suggests eith both. The SE	c cars. The same plant emitting centage of smoking coverage and conferred and conferred conferre	me coverage significate vaporing stacks and sages indicate tinued though ion of activities shows eviding although signification of activities shows eviding although signification shows estimized shows estimated shows estim	d only a few rai	centage of the overage reveal 1 cars and South Production action products, pottle activity of snow are vis	ers, box e numerous ls about duction ivity bssibly on both
	•			3	
•	€o	<u>-</u>	. ♦	E.	
			rije.		
			·	· u	
£					
					(2)
		151	-	4	
** <u>(</u> -1		•			
		†	30 · Y		- Y -
		-			
		4		• •	
				1.	25X1
		:			
	•	-			
	TOI	P SECRET			

]
CIA/PIR-65004	
REFERENCES	
MADE OR CHARTE	
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50. Sheet SO 290-16/SMA.	>
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET	>
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50. Sheet SO 290-16/SMA.	<u> </u>
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET	
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET	
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET	
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET OCUMENTS NPIC/R-222/63, Liso-yang Subarsenal, China Aug. 1963, (TOP SECRET	
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET OCUMENTS NPIC/R-222/63, Liso-yang Subarsenal, China Aug. 1963, (TOP SECRET	
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET COCUMENTS NPIC/R-222/63, Liso-yang Subarsenal, China Aug. 1963, (TOP SECRET EQUIREMENT CIA. C-RR5-82,647	
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET OCUMENTS NPIC/R-222/63, Liso-yang Subarsenal, China Aug. 1963, (TOP SECRET EQUIREMENT CIA. C-RR5-82,647	
ACIC. US Air Target Mosaic, Series 50, Sheet SO 290-16/SMA. lst Edition, Apr 61, Scale 1:50,000 (SECRET DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET OCUMENTS NPIC/R-222/63, Liso-yang Subarsenal, China Aug. 1963, (TOP SECRET EQUIREMENT CIA. C-RR5-82,647 CIA/IAD PROJECT	
DIA. US Air Target Chart, Series 200, Sheet SO 290-16HL, 3rd Edition, Feb 63, Scale 1:200,000 (SECRET DOCUMENTS NPIC/R-222/63, Liso-yang Subarsenal, China Aug. 1963, (TOP SECRET DEQUIREMENT CIA. C-RR5-82,647 CIA/IAD PROJECT	

.